## JUMP-CUE MIXED RAISE

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OPPONENT	PARTNER	OPPONENT	YOU
1 🔷	1 🏟	Pass	3 🔷

above, the jump-cue-bidder might hold:

Your 3 • bid is a "jump-cuebid". Any time the opponents open and your partner overcalls, you can make such a jump-cuebid. What does it mean? We'll get to that in a moment. For now, let's do what we should do for all conventions. Make sure we know when it is on. A jump-cue to show a mixed raise is defined as follows:

Any time the Opponents open the bidding and our side makes an overcall: Regardless of what their responder does, the partner of the overcaller jumps in the opener's suit. Sounds like a mouthful, I know. Just look at the example auction above if you are confused. (A jump to the 4-level should be a <u>Splinter</u> Bid -- so we are talking here only about a jump-cue on the 3-level).

Okay. So we know what a jump-cue is. What does it show? It should be played as a "Mixed Raise." What's that? This term is growing in popularity. It means: "4-card trump support and more than a preemptive raise, but less than a limit raise." For example, on the auction

🧣 к J 4 3 **P**K J 6 5 4 3 **♣**8 6 2

This is a hand that wants to go to the 3-level (Law of Total Tricks) and do so quickly. However, it is too good for a preemptive raise of 3 🗫 (which would be made with the same hand but no 🦊KJ). Meanwhile, this hand is not strong enough for a 2 🔷 cue-bid, which would promise 10 (limit or better). A "single" cue-bid (2 ) should show at least a *limit raise* (with 3 or more trump). The *jump-cue* always delivers that 4th trump, but is *lighter than limit* (yet more than preemptive).

This convention is easy to use and easy to remember. Even if partner "forgets," it is unlikely he will take your jump-cue as natural. This method comes up quite frequently. Observe that the "jump cue-bid" says absolutely nothing about the suit you are jumping in (you could have three little, you could have the ace). Got it? If not, here are a few examples:

OPPONENT	PARTNER	OPPONENT	YOU
1♣	1 💚	Pass	3 <b>♣</b>
•			
<b>₹</b> A 5			
<b>₹</b> A 5 <b>¥</b> Q J 9 8			
QJ98 D1042			
<b>Q</b> J 9 8			

OPPONENT	PARTNER	OPPONENT	YOU
1 💚	2♣	Double	3 🤎
<b>2</b> 7 6 5 4			

**P**A 9 8 7 6 뤗 Q 10 8 7

OPPONENT	PARTNER	OPPONENT	YOU
1 🔷	1 🖊	1 🗭	3 🔷
<b>ф</b> К 9 7 5			

## Notes:

1. Don't mix this up with auctions where WE open. This is on only when THEY open and we overcall. For example, the following auction is NOT a "jump-cue mixed raise":



2. This article assumed that you are using the modern method of a jump-raise in competition as preemptive. Any time partner overcalls, you should use a jump raise as weak. However, even if you are using the old-fashioned method of all jump raises in competition as limit, that won't preclude you from using the jump-cue as mixed.

A jump-cuebid is alertable.